

VIEWS ON BIRTH CONTROL AND FAMILY PLANNING

Malik Saad Abdullah*

Department of Education, The Islamia University of Bahawalpur, Punjab, Pakistan.

Submitted April 12, 2024; Revised June 26, 2024; Accepted June 28, 2024; Published August 20, 2024

ABSTRACT

The importance of our own circle of relatives making plans for the well-being of people and households cannot be emphasized enough. However, even as tremendous studies have been carried out on women's perspectives, male's viewpoints have regularly been overlooked. This study objectives to fill this hole via way of means of exploring male's perceptions of own circle of relatives making plans and the way it affects reproductive fitness outcomes. To collect complete information, qualitative studies methods, especially in-intensity interviews to acquire records from males. The individuals on this study have been decided on from numerous age groups, socio-monetary backgrounds, and cultural settings to make sure an extensive variety of critiques and studies concerning own circle of relatives making plans. The observer's findings suggest that many males become aware of cultural barriers, including monetary constraints, loss of awareness, and spiritual limitations, as widespread limitations to own circle of relatives making plans. Furthermore, the study exhibits that male's attitudes in the direction of birth control fluctuate relying on their own circle of relatives dynamics. In spiritual households, there's a department among individuals who oppose contraceptive practices and people who apprehend their effectiveness in controlling beginning quotes and selling character well-being.

Keywords: Family Planning, Birth control, Cultural constraints, Contraception methods

*Corresponding Author. E-mail: malik.madni1@gmail.com

INTRODUCTION

Family making plans is the exercise of controlling and spacing childbirth. It entails the usage of birth control methods, like delivery manage tablets or sterilization, to make certain favored periods among pregnancies. Family making plans encompasses sexual fitness, clean get entry to contraceptives, prevention of unintentional pregnancies and abortions, safety in opposition to sexually transmitted diseases,

and development of standard health for moms, families, and newborns. The idea of own circle of relatives making plans consists of spacing pregnancies, stopping unintentional pregnancies and abortions, protective in opposition to STDs, and enhancing the health of the whole own circle of relatives. It is a public fitness degree that promotes gender equality, complements the fitness of moms and kids, and facilitates

IMS is published by AMMANIF Publisher. The authors retain the copyright without restriction. This article is an open access article published under the terms and conditions of [Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/).



alleviate poverty. Key elements of own circle of relatives making plans encompass accomplishing the favored range of kids and preserving suitable periods among pregnancies. There are numerous alternatives for birth control, including oral contraceptives, condoms, intrauterine devices, sterilization methods, hormonal tablets, injectables, and implants. It's critical to recall person choices and wishes while deciding on a method, as every has its professionals and cons. Pakistan has made massive development in selling own circle of relatives making plans and sexual fitness services. Efforts just like the Pakistan Demographic and Health Survey (PDHS) and the Lady Health Worker (LHW) Program are geared toward similarly enhancing dwelling standards [1]. Research indicates that related to males in own circle of relatives making plans can decorate contraceptive use and standard reproductive fitness. Men can offer monetary and emotional guide to their partners, inspire the usage of contraceptives, and make joint selections approximately having kids. The Male Involvement in Family Planning Initiative in Pakistan mainly specializes in enticing males in own circle of relatives making plans [2]. Furthermore, the Pakistan authorities has released the "Green Star Campaign" to boom get entry to own circle of relatives making plans data and services. The intention of this venture is to inspire discussions approximately own circle of relatives making plans and reproductive fitness amongst males [3]. The "Baluchistan Health Project," a collaboration among the United Nations Population Fund, the Pakistani authorities, and helping institutions, addresses maternal and infant fitness and own circle of relatives making plans in impoverished regions of the Baluchistan province [4]. While many couples in Pakistan already use condoms as a shape of start control, a few males might also additionally experience

embarrassed to buy them from stores. Additionally, folks that attain contraceptives from authorities reassess might also additionally have issues approximately their great and accessibility via healthcare workers. It is essential to train males on right condom use [5] and integrate this approach with emergency contraceptive capsules to reduce the hazard of failure. Unintended pregnancies and maternal deaths are worldwide troubles that may be averted with powerful own circle of relatives making plans practices. However, in patriarchal societies like Pakistan, there is mostly a notion that ladies are totally chargeable for own circle of relatives making plans, with males missing involvement and support. This studies goals to deal with this hole through exploring males views on own circle of relatives making plans. While preceding research have on the whole targeted on ladies' viewpoints, this study seeks to offer precious insights into males involvement in decision-making procedures associated with own circle of relatives making plans. Specifically, the examine goals to observe cultural limitations and decision-making procedures that have an effect on males involvement. Two studies questions are formulated: i) what cultural limitations inhibit the adoption of own circle of relatives making plans? ii) What are the not unusual place own circle of relatives making plans practices amongst males? The cognizance is to acquire records on the extent of attractiveness of own circle of relatives making plans amongst males, to investigate the present-day panorama and become aware of vital measures to sell reproductive fitness results and well-being. Recent research has targeted on cultural limitations and males notion of contraceptive strategies when it comes to own circle of relatives making plans. One key difficulty that has been recognized is the lack of understanding, attitudes, and practices surrounding own circle of relatives making plans. The people

have much less than 1/2 of the vital know-how and realistic competencies in own circle of relatives making plans. Factors together with residence, marital status, academic status, age, occupation, know-how, attitude, wide variety of children, and month-to-month family earnings all play a position in figuring out the exercise of own circle of relatives making plans [6]. The examine additionally observed that the extent of know-how and usage of own circle of relatives making plans strategies is low.

Similarly, attitudes and practices associated with own circle of relatives making plans and the elements influencing using cutting-edge contraceptives. Their evaluation indicated that people had a confined knowledge of making plans and cutting-edge contraceptive strategies. Although a few people had know-how of positive current contraceptive strategies, the general usage of birth control remained substantially low because of a lack of understanding and usage [7, 8].

The male's views on own circle of relatives making plans and observed that their perspectives have been inspired through variables inclusive of legalism, schooling, and marital status. Male involvement in own circle of relatives making plans is important due to the fact in lots of societies, ladies are predicted to obey males and observe societal norms [9]. The limitations to the use of current birth control amongst ladies, highlighting the influence of males, socio-cultural ideals, and the first-rate of to be had clinical services [10]. Religious ideals and societal norms additionally form male's perceptions and practices associated with own circle of relatives making plans. Recognized gender roles, societal norms, and non-secular ideals as contributing elements to male's attitudes and involvement in own circle of relatives making plans and reproductive health. Despite having expertise approximately own circle of relatives making

plans, many people do now no longer use contraceptive techniques to save you unplanned pregnancies. As maximum in their have a look at populace had attention of current contraceptive techniques, real utilization turned into low, mainly for preventative techniques. In a have a look at comparing facts from diverse surveys in Pakistan, the training level, monetary resources, message dissemination on own circle of relatives making plans, and contraceptive use. It is critical to apprehend the importance of contraceptive measures if you want to higher recognize male's condom utilization. The male males can be much less willing to apply condoms if they understand a low chance of contracting STIs and feature a low-price notion of preventive measures [11]. Therefore, making sure the first-rate and availability of contraceptive measures is important to construct consider and acquire favored outcomes. The indispensability of own circle of relatives making plans in reaching SDGs and its direct effect on those goals. The boom in populace, indicating a low exercise of own circle of relatives making plans, is clear in lots of households. There is a lack of awareness about family planning and contraceptive methods among married couples in rural areas of Pakistan. Cultural norms and reliance on traditional approaches rather than medical interventions contribute to this lack of awareness. Additionally, healthcare professionals do not regularly visit rural areas to educate people about family planning, as they primarily focus on urban areas.

In rural areas, decision-making power regarding family planning is often controlled by the male or head of the family, due to a lack of awareness. This study aims to explore the cultural barriers that affect family planning and the use of contraceptive methods among men living in rural areas of Pakistan.



Figure 1: Methods of contraception.

DATA COLLECTION

The intention of this study was to observe the cultural obstacles and utilization of contraceptive strategies amongst males living in rural areas. The researcher used a descriptive method and hired snowball sampling strategies to choose individuals. By utilizing this approach, the researcher changed into capable of acquire complete and precious data, as many individuals on this precise have a look at have been hesitant to reveal private facts. The have a look at changed into performed in a rural place Khor Pakka and concerned 80 people representing various socio-financial backgrounds and cultural contexts. A semi-dependent interview manual changed into used to accumulate the vital data, and a truthful thematic evaluation changed into performed to interpret the accrued facts [12].

CONSUMERS OF CONTRACEPTIVE FOR BIRTH CONTROL

Contraceptive strategies are vital for stopping undesirable pregnancies and the unfold of STIs. They provide people and couples greater manage over their reproductive picks and assist with prepared own circle of relatives making plans. The use of contraceptive strategies has had a fine effect on enhancing maternal and infant health, empowering women, and selling sexual and reproductive health. Within the consumer group, 40% selected herbal birth control strategies like withdrawal or fertility consciousness. In contrast, 60% of the members indicated that they trusted scientific contraceptive strategies together with start manage pills, condoms, IUDs, or different strategies advocated through scientific professionals. This demonstrates the

significance of imparting lots of alternatives to deal with extraordinary lifestyles. These findings emphasize the want to train people and couples approximately contraceptive alternatives, allowing them to make knowledgeable choices concerning own circle of relatives making plans and reproductive health. Research shows that withdrawal is the maximum typically used contraceptive approach accompanied through scientific birth control. This emphasizes the want to boom consciousness approximately current contraceptive alternatives and dispel misconceptions to assist people make knowledgeable choices approximately own circle of relatives making plans. Those who pick out birth control always explicit a choice to have fewer children, spotting the significance of making plans own circle of relatives length to offer every infant with an amazing excellent of lifestyles and education [13]. By intentionally dealing with the variety of offspring, people purpose to enhance their own circle of relative`s socioeconomic status. Effective communication and understanding are crucial to support the reproductive intentions and well-being of both individuals. Therefore, couples should have access to a range of contraceptive options to make informed decisions about their family planning.

CHALLENGER OF CONTRACEPTIVE METHODS FOR FAMILY PLANNING

During the interviews, it became evident that a few individuals had been no longer use of any form of contraceptives. The number one purpose for their refusal to apply birth control became their robust adherence to spiritual teachings. Some people firmly believed withinside the herbal manner of human pregnancies and emphasized the significance of permitting the frame to feature without outside assistance. Interestingly, there has been a subset of individuals who antagonistic all varieties of own circle of relatives making plans and believed in spontaneous

conception. They believed that nature determines the suitable wide variety of kids for a couple, and manipulating one`s fertility became visible as a contravention of those essential principles. This demonstrates the huge variety of evaluations on own circle of relatives making plans, which can be inspired now no longer most effective with the aid of using man or woman wishes however additionally with the aid of using cultural, spiritual, and private values. The motives for the non-use of contraceptives are complex, emphasizing the want for a complete know-how of the decision-making manner surrounding own circle of relatives making plans [14].

The respondent additionally referred to a not unusual place false impression approximately the quick activation and capacity poor outcomes of those medications, consisting of anorexia. Attitudes and ideals play a widespread position in humans selections approximately birth control techniques. To make knowledgeable alternatives approximately own circle of relatives making plans, people must be trying to find dependable information, counseling, and schooling that align with their way of life and fitness wishes. It is essential to not forget non-public fitness and capability terrible outcomes whilst selecting contraceptive techniques. This emphasizes the position of medical doctors and different healthcare experts in teaching and guiding sufferers and their companions in making selections approximately own circle of relatives making plans as a part of their usual fitness.

The people who use contraceptives and people who do not. The respondents apprehend the advantages of own circle of relatives making plans and consider birth control as a desire that each male and females must have manipulate over. On the opposite hand, combatants of contraceptive techniques consider they may be dangerous to women's fitness and can even purpose infections or

everlasting infertility. The findings additionally display that people preserve one-of-a-kind ideals approximately birth control primarily based totally on their precise circumstances.

Family making plans is broadly identified as vital for keeping reproductive fitness and socio-financial stability, and the authorities of Pakistan emphasizes its significance through imposing numerous programs. However, there are numerous socio-cultural elements that preclude humans from adopting own circle of relatives making plans. Societal boundaries can deeply embed ideals, values, and customs that form views on own circle of relatives making plans for people and communities. Cultural elements in one-of-a-kind societies substantially have an impact on how reproductive fitness is perceived and selections are made. Although own circle of relatives making plans is identified as essential for wellness and person empowerment, it's miles essential to well known that cultural norms can both facilitate or preclude its adoption. Therefore, it's miles vital to perceive and deal with cultural boundaries to own circle of relatives making plans for you to put into effect complete reproductive fitness programs. Respondents expressed dissatisfaction with the healthcare professionals' potential to teach them correctly approximately own circle of relatives making plans, mentioning confined instructional possibilities and language limitations as obstacles. They additionally cited problems in deciphering written own circle of relatives making plans substances furnished to them [15].

Religion has usually been taken into consideration vital at some point of human civilization because of its impact at the beliefs, practices, and societies at some point of history. It performs a enormous function in shaping cultural identities, strengthening ethical values, and figuring out interpersonal relationships. Religion possesses the

potential to rouse miracles, foster harmony, and provide solace to its fans, that is why it has usually been a profound thing of human lifestyles. However, faith additionally creates cultural limitations that may influence interactions and relationships amongst one-of-a-kind corporations and communities. At its core, faith is a complicated complete constituted of beliefs, practices, and rituals focused across the veneration of deities and non-secular forces. Various non-secular philosophies and convictions offer wonderful views and functions of lifestyles for fans to behave upon. Religious texts and teachings have served as profound reassess of suggestion at some point of one-of-a-kind eras, leaving lasting effects on cultural activities. While faith can convey humans collectively and foster a experience of community, it is able to additionally be a supply of cultural divisions. Varying perception systems, sacred customs, practices, and a sturdy adherence to precise codes of behavior create limitations inside those culturally divided communities. Religious range frequently ends in misunderstandings, stereotypes, and conflicts among communities, impeding open communicate and hindering understanding. Religious texts and teachings are profound reassess of thought with lasting effects on cultural activities. They can convey humans collectively and foster a feel of community, however they also can create divisions. Varying perception systems, customs, practices, and codes of behavior create obstacles inside culturally divided communities. Religious variety frequently results in misunderstandings, stereotypes, and conflicts, hindering open conversation and understanding. In Islam, there aren't any unique pointers concerning own circle of relatives making plans and contraceptive techniques, as they're now no longer advocated or supported. Additionally, non-secular perspectives play a crucial position in

decision-making approximately own circle of relatives making plans. Some religions strictly oppose birth control, even as others sell culturally supported own circle of relatives making plans techniques. Gender roles additionally play a part, with sure cultures assigning the duty of birth control to men. Our views on own circle of relatives making plans and the techniques we depend on are encouraged via way of means of our cultural practices.

CONCLUSION

The findings discovered that own circle of relatives making plans is a complicated difficulty stimulated with the aid of using diverse socio-cultural elements like norms, ideals, and societal structures. Most human beings had been privy to contraceptive strategies and used them, with condoms being the maximum popular, accompanied with the aid of using capsules and herbal withdrawal. However, many human beings favored herbal withdrawal because of its perceived loss of facet results, financial value, safety, and simplicity of use. Concerns had been raised approximately the effectiveness and ability facet results of synthetic strategies, which affected decision-making. Misconceptions additionally existed,

together with fears of infections or different scientific issues, possibly because of a loss of well-knowledgeable focus and expertise of contraceptive strategies. Some justified own circle of relatives making plans primarily based totally on their interpretation of spiritual teachings. The involvement of medical experts and experts is essential in facilitating get right of entry to options and making sure well-knowledgeable decision-making. Programs must be advanced specially for males to create supportive surroundings for own circle of relatives making plans. Policymakers can aid stepped forward own circle of relatives making plans practices with the aid of using incorporating education, focus, and aid from medical experts.

Author(s) Contribution: Conceptualization, proof-reading and submission M.A. Abdullah.

Funding: Nill

Ethical Approval: NA

Conflict of Interest: There is no conflict of interest.

Consent for Publication: All authors approved the manuscript for publication and agreed to be responsible for all aspects of this article.

REFERENCES

1. Bajwa, S., Awan, S., Ali, S. A., & Ahmad, I. (2021). A review of family planning programs in Pakistan: An overview and future directions. *The Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology of India*, 71(4), 295-301.
2. Khan, K., & Sathar, Z. (2020). Best Bets for Accelerating Family Planning in Pakistan: Inductingmen, sharing responsibility.4Hassan, S.-U.-N., Siddiqui, S., & Friedman, B. D. (2020). Health status and quality of life of women seeking infertility treatments in Baluchistan, Pakistan. *The British Journal of SocialWork*, 50(5), 1401-1418.
3. McBride, J., & Ahmed, R. (2001). Social franchising as a strategy for expanding access toreproductive health services. A case study of the Greenstar Service Delivery Network in Pakistan.
4. Khowaja, F., Pervaiz, M., & Khatoon, N. (2019). Male Involvement in Family Planning among Squatter Settlement Residents of Karachi. *Journal of Asian Midwives (JAM)*, 6(1), 26-42.
5. Stone, N., Graham, C., Anstee, S., Brown, K., Newby, K., & Ingham, R. (2018). Enhancing condom use experiences among young men to improve correct and consistent condom Pakistan *Journal of Humanities and Social Sciences*, 12(2), 2024
6. Semachew Kasa, A., Tarekegn, M., & Embiale, N. (2018). Knowledge, attitude and practice towards family planning among reproductive age women in a resource limited settings of Northwest Ethiopia. *BMC research notes*, 11, 1-6.
7. Mustafa, G., Azmat, S. K., Hameed, W., Ali, S., Ishaque, M., Hussain, W., . . . Munroe, E. (2015). Family planning knowledge, attitudes, and practices among married men and women in rural areas of Pakistan: Findings from a qualitative need assessment study. *International journal of*

- reproductive medicine, 2015.
8. Ediau, M., Tusubira, A. K., Wandabwa, J., & Musinguzi, N. (2013). Male knowledge, attitudes, and behavior towards family planning in Uganda. *African Journal of Reproductive Health*, 17(4 Spec No), 57-68.
 9. Demissie, A. S. (2019). Men's attitude toward family planning in Ethiopia: a systematic review and meta-analysis. *Men's Health Issues*, 3(2), 74-83
 10. Ochako, R., Mbondo, M., Aloo, S., Kaimenyi, S., Thompson, R., Temmerman, M., & Kays, M. (2015). Barriers to modern contraceptive methods uptake among young women in Kenya: a qualitative study. *BMC public health*, 15, 1-9.
 11. Izugbara, C. O. (2012). 'It is my secret': Men's attitudes towards induced abortion and contraceptive use in southeastern Nigeria. *Culture, health & sexuality*, 14(6), 557-570.
 12. Smith, A., & Khan, S. . (2018). Exploring Men's Perceptions and Attitudes towards FamilyPlanning in Pakistan. *Journal of Population and Reproductive Health*, 15(2), 45-56.
 13. Ali, A., Zar, A., & Wadood, A. (2022). Factors associated with modern contraceptive use among men in Pakistan: Evidence from Pakistan demographic and health survey 2017-18. *Plos one*, 17(9), e0273907.
 14. Hall, J. A., & Higgins, J. A. . (2014). Do differences in contraceptive stake explain condom use problematically? A comment on Crosby and Yarber. *Sexual Health*, 3(2), 183-187.
 15. Saleem, S., Rizvi, N., Shahil Feroz, A., Reza, S., Jessani, S., & Abrejo, F. (2020). Perceptions and experiences of men and women towards acceptability and use of contraceptives in underserved areas of Karachi, Pakistan: a midline qualitative assessment of Sukhinitiative, Karachi Pakistan. *Reproductive health*, 17, 1-9.